

~~OF GOOD CAUSE, MAY ORDER THE AFFIDAVIT PRESENTED IN SUPPORT OF A SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANT BE SEALED FOR ADDITIONAL 30 DAY PERIODS, NOT TO EXCEED 1 YEAR.~~

(2) A finding of good cause required by paragraph (2) of this subsection is established by evidence that:

(i) ~~the criminal investigation to which the affidavit is related is of a continuing nature and likely to yield further information that could be of use in prosecuting alleged criminal activities; and~~

(ii) ~~the failure to maintain the confidentiality of the investigation would:~~

1. ~~jeopardize the use of information already obtained in the investigation;~~

2. ~~impair the continuation of the investigation; or~~

3. ~~jeopardize the safety of a source of information.~~

(4) After the order sealing the affidavit expires, the affidavit shall be:

(i) ~~unsealed; and~~

(ii) ~~delivered within 15 days:~~

1. ~~to the person from whom the property was taken; or~~

2. ~~if that person is not on the premises at the time of delivery, to the person apparently in charge of the premises from which the property was taken.~~

~~5-101.~~

(c) A defendant may not be released on personal recognizance if the defendant is charged with:

(1) ~~a crime listed in § 5-202(d) of this title after having been convicted of a crime listed in § 5-202(d) of this title; [or]~~

(2) ~~a crime punishable by death or life imprisonment without parole;~~

(3) ~~AN ACT OF TERRORISM UNDER § 3-1002 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR~~

(4) ~~HARBORING A TERRORIST UNDER § 3-1004 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE.~~

~~5-202.~~

(b) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged:

(i) ~~as a drug kingpin under Article 27, § 286(g) of the Code; OR~~