

- (1) THE INJURED INDIVIDUAL'S NAME AND ADDRESS, IF KNOWN;
- (2) A DESCRIPTION OF THE INJURY; AND
- (3) ANY OTHER FACTS CONCERNING THE MATTER THAT MIGHT ASSIST IN DETECTING CRIME.

(D) PENALTY.

AN INDIVIDUAL WHO FAILS TO MAKE A REPORT UNDER SUBSECTION (B)(1) OF THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25.

REVISOR'S NOTE: Chapter 26, Acts of 2002, which enacted the Criminal Law Article, also added this section, which is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 27, § 336(b), (d), and, as it related to the reporting of certain injuries caused by a moving vessel, (a)(1).

Former Art. 27, § 336(c)(2) is deleted as unnecessary in light of the reorganization of material derived from former § 336. Subsection (c)(2) provided that the moving vessel injury reporting requirements applied statewide, unlike the other injury reporting that was required only in certain counties.

Defined terms: "County" § 1-101

"Person" § 1-101

20-703. SAME — GUNSHOT.

(A) REQUIRED.

A PHYSICIAN, PHARMACIST, DENTIST, OR NURSE WHO TREATS AN INDIVIDUAL FOR AN INJURY THAT WAS CAUSED OR SHOWS EVIDENCE OF HAVING BEEN CAUSED BY A GUNSHOT OF ANY TYPE, OR THE INDIVIDUAL IN CHARGE OF A HOSPITAL THAT TREATS THE INJURED INDIVIDUAL, SHALL NOTIFY THE COUNTY SHERIFF, THE COUNTY POLICE, OR THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE OF THE INJURY AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.

(B) CONTENTS.

A REPORT OF INJURY SHALL INCLUDE:

- (1) THE INJURED INDIVIDUAL'S NAME AND ADDRESS, IF KNOWN;
- (2) A DESCRIPTION OF THE INJURY; AND
- (3) ANY OTHER FACTS CONCERNING THE MATTER THAT MIGHT ASSIST IN DETECTING CRIME.

(C) PENALTY.