

9-602.

(f) For the purpose of computing the average weekly wage of a member of the organized militia of the State who is a covered employee under § 9-215 of this title, the wages of the covered employee shall be the greater of:

(1) the wage provided for active duty in [Article 65, § 32(b) of the Code] § 13-704(B) OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE; or

Article - Natural Resources

5-9A-05.

(b) (2) To qualify for additional funds appropriated above the level appropriated in fiscal year 2000 as provided for in [Article 83B, § 6-503(f)(4) of the Code] § 12-1007(D) OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE, an application shall include a certification that the local jurisdiction has not adopted any local amendments to the Maryland Building Rehabilitation Code.

8-1103.

(j) In the event the county or municipality fails to raise or to pay to the State all or any portion of its percentage of the costs of a project as established by a financing plan within 6 months of the certification of costs by the State Comptroller, the State Comptroller shall cause to be withheld from State-collected, locally-shared taxes, and, to the extent necessary, from the State aid for police protection provided by [Article 88B, §§ 65 through 69 of the Code] ARTICLE 41, TITLE 4, SUBTITLE 4 OF THE CODE to which the county or municipality would otherwise be entitled, for the following fiscal year, a sum sufficient to reimburse the State for any sum remaining unpaid, together with interest on the unpaid amount at the rate of 10% per annum from the date of the certification by the State Comptroller.

10-410.

(c) (1) A person may not shoot at any species of wildlife from an automobile or other vehicle or, except as provided in § 4-203(b) of the Criminal Law Article and [Article 27, § 36E of the Code] TITLE 5, SUBTITLE 3 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE, possess in or on an automobile or other vehicle a loaded handgun or shotgun, or a rifle containing any ammunition in the magazine or chamber.

Article - Public Safety

5-133.

(c) (1) A person may not possess a regulated firearm if the person was previously convicted of:

(i) a crime of violence; OR

(ii) a violation of § 5-602, § 5-603, § 5-604, § 5-605, § 5-606, § 5-607, § 5-608, § 5-609, § 5-612, § 5-613, or § 5-614 of the Criminal Law Article[; or

(iii) any other violation classified as a felony in the State].