- (3) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER MAY BE REPRESENTED BY COUNSEL.
- (4) EACH PARTY HAS THE RIGHT TO CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES WHO TESTIFY AND EACH PARTY MAY SUBMIT REBUTTAL EVIDENCE.

(F) EVIDENCE.

- (1) EVIDENCE WITH PROBATIVE VALUE THAT IS COMMONLY ACCEPTED BY REASONABLE AND PRUDENT INDIVIDUALS IN THE CONDUCT OF THEIR AFFAIRS IS ADMISSIBLE AND SHALL BE GIVEN PROBATIVE EFFECT.
- (2) THE HEARING BOARD SHALL GIVE EFFECT TO THE RULES OF PRIVILEGE RECOGNIZED BY LAW AND SHALL EXCLUDE INCOMPETENT, IRRELEVANT, IMMATERIAL, AND UNDULY REPETITIOUS EVIDENCE.
- (3) EACH RECORD OR DOCUMENT THAT A PARTY DESIRES TO USE SHALL BE OFFERED AND MADE A PART OF THE RECORD.
- (4) DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE MAY BE RECEIVED IN THE FORM OF COPIES OR EXCERPTS, OR BY INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.
 - (G) JUDICIAL NOTICE.
 - (1) THE HEARING BOARD MAY TAKE NOTICE OF:
 - (I) JUDICIALLY COGNIZABLE FACTS: AND
- $\,$ (II) GENERAL, TECHNICAL, OR SCIENTIFIC FACTS WITHIN ITS SPECIALIZED KNOWLEDGE.
 - (2) THE HEARING BOARD SHALL:
- (I) NOTIFY EACH PARTY OF THE FACTS SO NOTICED EITHER BEFORE OR DURING THE HEARING, OR BY REFERENCE IN PRELIMINARY REPORTS OR OTHERWISE; AND
- (II) GIVE EACH PARTY AN OPPORTUNITY AND REASONABLE TIME TO CONTEST THE FACTS SO NOTICED.
- (3) THE HEARING BOARD MAY UTILIZE ITS EXPERIENCE, TECHNICAL COMPETENCE, AND SPECIALIZED KNOWLEDGE IN THE EVALUATION OF THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED.

(H) OATHS.

- (1) WITH RESPECT TO THE SUBJECT OF A HEARING CONDUCTED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, THE CHIEF SHALL ADMINISTER OATHS OR AFFIRMATIONS AND EXAMINE INDIVIDUALS UNDER OATH.
- (2) IN CONNECTION WITH A DISCIPLINARY HEARING, THE CHIEF OR A HEARING BOARD MAY ADMINISTER OATHS.
 - (I) WITNESS FEES AND EXPENSES