

(b) Subject to the hearing provisions of Title 2 of this article, the Commissioner may suspend or revoke a certificate of qualification if the holder of the certificate of qualification:

(1) has willfully violated this article or another law of the State that relates to insurance;

(2) has intentionally misrepresented or concealed a material fact in an application for a certificate of qualification;

(3) has obtained or attempted to obtain a certificate of qualification by misrepresentation, concealment, or other fraud;

(4) has misappropriated, converted, or unlawfully withheld money belonging to an insurer, agent, broker, beneficiary, or insured;

(5) has willfully and materially misrepresented the provisions of a policy;

(6) has committed fraudulent or dishonest practices in the insurance business;

(7) has participated, with or without the knowledge of an insurer, in selling motor vehicle insurance without an actual intent to sell the insurance, as evidenced by a persistent pattern of filing certificates of insurance together with or closely followed by cancellation notices for the insurance;

(8) has been convicted by final judgment in any state or federal court of a crime involving moral turpitude;

(9) has knowingly participated in writing or issuing substantial overinsurance of property insurance risks;

(10) has failed an examination required under this subtitle;

(11) has willfully failed to comply with or has willfully violated a proper order or regulation of the Commissioner;

(12) has failed or refused to pay over on demand money that belongs to an insurer, fraternal benefit agent, broker, or other person entitled to the money;

(13) has otherwise shown a lack of trustworthiness or competence to act as a fraternal benefit agent;

(14) is not or does not intend to carry on business in good faith and represent to the public that the person is a fraternal benefit agent;

(15) has been denied a license or certificate in another state or has had a license or certificate suspended or revoked in another state;

(16) has intentionally or willfully made or issued, or caused to be made or issued, a statement that materially misrepresents or makes incomplete comparisons about the terms or conditions of a policy or contract issued by an authorized insurer,