

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 27, § 810(a).

(C) CHILD.

"CHILD" MEANS A PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF 18 YEARS.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 27, § 805A(c).

(D) CRIME.

(1) "CRIME" MEANS AN ACT COMMITTED BY A PERSON IN THE STATE THAT IS A CRIME AS DEFINED:

(I) AT COMMON LAW;

(II) IN ARTICLE 27;

(III) IN THIS ARTICLE; OR

(IV) UNDER § 3-218, § 3-305(C)(2), § 3-409(A) OR (C), § 3-803(B), § 3-807(I), § 3-808(D), § 3-811(C), § 8-801, § 8-802, § 9-602(E), § 11-702(B)(8), § 11-703(D)(5)(III), § 11-706(B)(8), § 11-708(B)(8)(II), § 11-711(H)(2), § 11-712(C)(6)(II), § 11-714(C)(6), § 11-715(G)(2), § 11-716(H)(2), § 11-723(B)(8), OR § 11-726 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE.

(2) "CRIME" INCLUDES A VIOLATION OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE THAT IS PUNISHABLE BY A TERM OF CONFINEMENT.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 27, § 805A(e), except as it related to delinquent acts.

In item (1)(iii) of this subsection, the phrase "in this article" is added to reflect that some provisions that formerly were in Article 27 are revised in this article.

The Criminal Procedure Article Review Committee notes, for consideration by the General Assembly, that the definition of "crime" in this subsection is cumbersome and too narrow. Some serious prohibited acts do not fall under the definition of crime in this subsection because they appear elsewhere in the Code. Child abduction by a relative, for example, appears at FL § 9-304. The General Assembly may wish to substantively revise the definition of "crime".

Defined term: "Person" § 1-101

(E) DEFENDANT.

"DEFENDANT" MEANS A PERSON:

(1) WHO HAS RECEIVED PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT;