

(2) IF THE PROCEEDING BEGAN IN ONE COURT AND WAS TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER COURT, THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE COURT TO WHICH THE PROCEEDING WAS TRANSFERRED.

(3) (I) IF THE PROCEEDING IN A COURT OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION WAS APPEALED TO A COURT EXERCISING APPELLATE JURISDICTION, THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE APPELLATE COURT.

(II) THE APPELLATE COURT MAY REMAND THE MATTER TO THE COURT OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(C) TIME OF FILING.

(1) A PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON AN ACQUITTAL, A NOLLE PROSEQUI, OR A DISMISSAL MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER THE DISPOSITION, UNLESS THE PETITIONER FILES WITH THE PETITION A WRITTEN GENERAL WAIVER AND RELEASE OF ALL THE PETITIONER'S TORT CLAIMS ARISING FROM THE CHARGE.

(2) A PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT MAY NOT BE FILED UNTIL EITHER:

(I) THE PETITIONER HAS BEEN DISCHARGED FROM PROBATION;
OR

(II) 3 YEARS HAVE PASSED SINCE THE PROBATION WAS GRANTED.

(3) A PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A PARDON BY THE GOVERNOR MAY NOT BE FILED EARLIER THAN 5 YEARS OR LATER THAN 10 YEARS AFTER THE PARDON WAS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.

(4) A PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A STET OR A COMPROMISE UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 12A-5 OF THE CODE MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER THE STET OR COMPROMISE.

(5) A COURT MAY GRANT A PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT AT ANY TIME ON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.

(D) PERIOD FOR OBJECTION BY STATE'S ATTORNEY.

(1) THE COURT SHALL HAVE A COPY OF A PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT SERVED ON THE STATE'S ATTORNEY.

(2) UNLESS THE STATE'S ATTORNEY FILES AN OBJECTION TO THE PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE PETITION IS SERVED, THE COURT SHALL PASS AN ORDER REQUIRING THE EXPUNGEMENT OF ALL POLICE RECORDS AND COURT RECORDS ABOUT THE CHARGE.

(E) HEARING ON EXPUNGEMENT.

(1) IF THE STATE'S ATTORNEY FILES A TIMELY OBJECTION TO THE PETITION, THE COURT SHALL HOLD A HEARING.