

(ii) As soon as possible and in no event later than 5 working days after receiving the conviction data and fingerprints of a registrant, transmit the data and fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation if the Bureau does not have that information; and

(iii) Reimburse supervising authorities for the cost of processing the registration statements of registrants, including the taking of fingerprints and photographs.

(2) As soon as possible and in no event later than 5 working days after receipt of a registrant's change of address notice, the Department shall give notice of the change to:

(i) The local law enforcement agency in whose county the new residence is located;

(ii) If the new residence is in a different state that has a registration requirement, the designated law enforcement agency in whose state the new residence is located; and

(iii) If the registration is premised on a conviction under federal, military, or Native American tribal law, the designated federal agency.

(3) (i) The Department shall mail annually a verification form, which may not be forwarded, to the last reported address of each offender and sexually violent offender.

(ii) Within 10 days after receiving the verification form, the offender or sexually violent offender shall sign the verification form and mail it to the Department.

(i) (1) If a registrant escapes from a facility, the supervising authority of the facility shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available:

(i) The local law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the registrant resided before the registrant was committed to the custody of the supervising authority; and

(ii) Any individual who is entitled to receive notice under subsection (j)(3) of this section.

(2) If the registrant is recaptured, the supervising authority shall send notice, as soon as possible and in no event later than 2 working days after the supervising authority learns of the recapture, to:

(i) The local law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the registrant resided before the registrant was committed to the custody of the supervising authority; and

(ii) Any individual who is entitled to receive notice under subsection (j)(3) of this section.