5 563

- (a) As part of the application process for a criminal history-records check, the employee, employer, and individual identified in § 5–561(e), (d), (e), [or] (f), OR (G) of this subtitle shall complete and sign a sworn statement or affirmation-disclosing the existence of a criminal conviction, probation before judgment disposition, not criminally responsible disposition, or pending criminal charges without a final disposition.
- (b) (3) The Department or its designee shall mail an acknowledged receipt of the application with a sworn statement or affirmation from an individual-identified in § 5-561(e), (d), (e), [or] (f), OR (G) of this subtitle to the appropriate local department of social services, registering agency, licensed child placement agency, or facility.

5 564.

- (a) (1) (i) The Department shall conduct the criminal-history records check and issue the printed statement provided for under this Part VI of this subtitle.
- (ii) It shall update an initial criminal history records check for an employee, employer, or individual identified in § 5–561(c), (d), (e), [or] (f), OR (C) of this subtitle and issue a revised printed statement, listing any convictions, probation before judgment dispositions, not criminally responsible dispositions, or pending criminal charges occurring in the State after the date of the initial criminal history records check.
- (d) (4) Upon completion of the criminal history records check of an individual identified in § 5 561(c), (d), (e), [or] (f), OR (C) of this subtitle, the Department shall submit the printed statement to the appropriate local department of social services, registering agency, or licensed placement agency.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2000.

May 18, 2000

The Honorable Casper R. Taylor, Jr. Speaker of the House State House Annapolis MD 21401

Dear Mr. Speaker:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed House Bill 939 – Uniform Principal and Income Act.

This bill enacts most of the revised Uniform Principal and Income Act promulgated by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. The bill also establishes default rules for the trustee of a trust or the personal representative of a decedent's estate to follow in determining whether receipts and disbursements should