- (3) reviewing major information technology projects for consistency with statewide plans, policies, and standards; [and]
- (4) REVIEWING AGENCY EACH UNIT'S ANNUAL PROJECT PLANS PLAN TO MAKE INFORMATION AND SERVICES AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC OVER THE INTERNET; AND
- [(4)] (5) developing and maintaining a statewide information technology master plan that will:
- (i) be the basis for the management and direction of information technology within the Executive Branch of State government;
- (ii) include all aspects of State information technology including telecommunications, data processing, and information management;
- (iii) consider interstate transfers due to federal legislation and regulation;
- $% \left(iv\right) =0$ (iv) ensure that information technology plans and budgets are consistent; and
- (v) ensure that State information technology plans, policies, and standards are consistent with State goals, objectives, and resources, and represent a long-range vision for using information technology to improve the overall effectiveness of State government; AND
- $\frac{(VI)}{INFORMATION} \ \frac{(VI)}{AND} \ \frac{INCLUDE\ STANDARDS\ TO\ ASSURE\ NONVISUAL\ ACCESS\ TO\ THE}{AVAILABLE} \ TO\ THE\ PUBLIC\ OVER\ THE \ INTERNET.$

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2000.

May 18, 2000

The Honorable Thomas V. Mike Miller, Jr. President of the Senate State House Annapolis MD 21401

Dear Mr. President:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed Senate Bill 200 - Crimes - Computer Piracy.

This bill enhances the penalties for computer hacking and other computer intrusion crimes for persons who intentionally access a computer or computer network to cause a malfunction, interrupt the operation or alter, damage or destroy data or programs, and the damage caused is \$10,000 or greater. The bill changes the offense from a misdemeanor to a felony and increases the maximum punishment from 5 years to 10 years in prison.