

legislation and under terms and conditions as deemed appropriate by the agreeing parties under subsection (m) and subsection (o).

(i) The signatories agree that existing federal-state, federal-interstate or other intergovernmental arrangements which are not primarily directed to environmental protection purposes as defined herein are not affected by this compact.

(j) All existing interstate and federal-interstate compacts directly relating to environmental protection are hereby expressly recognized and nothing in this compact shall be construed to diminish or supersede the powers and functions of such existing intergovernmental agreements and the organizations created by them.

(k) Recognition herein of multistate commissions and compacts shall not be construed to limit directly or indirectly the creation of additional multistate organizations or interstate compacts, nor to prevent termination, modification, extension, or supplementation of such multistate organizations and interstate compacts.

(l) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prevent signatories from entering into multistate organizations or other interstate compacts which do not conflict with their obligations under this compact or supplementary agreements.

(m) Any two or more signatories may enter into supplementary agreements for joint, coordinated or mutual environmental pollution management activities relating to interstate environmental pollution problems common to the jurisdictions of such signatories and for the establishment of common or joint regulation, management, services, agencies, or facilities for such purposes or may designate an appropriate agency to act as their joint agency in regard thereto. No supplementary agreement shall be valid to the extent that it conflicts with the purposes of this compact or with the laws of the United States and the creation of a joint agency by supplementary agreement shall not affect the privileges, powers, responsibilities or duties under this compact of signatories participating therein.

(n) The chief executive is authorized to enter into supplementary agreements for the signatory and his official signature shall render the agreement immediately binding upon the signatory:

Provided that:

(1) The legislative body of any signatory entering into such a supplementary agreement shall at its next legislative session competent to consider the same bring the supplementary agreement before it and by appropriate legislative action approve, disapprove, or condition the agreement of that signatory.

(2) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit the right of Congress by act of law expressly enacted thereafter for that purpose to disapprove or condition a supplementary agreement.

(o) Signatories may enter into special supplementary agreements with foreign nations in the manner provided in subsection (n) for the same purposes and with the same powers as under subsection (m) upon the condition that such non-signatory