- [(c)] (E) (1) "Common carrier" means a person, public authority, or federal, State, district, or municipal transportation unit that is engaged in the public transportation of persons for hire, by land, water, air, or any combination of them.
  - (2) "Common carrier" includes:
    - (i) an airline company;
- (ii) a car company, motor vehicle company, automobile company, or motor bus company;
- (iii) a power boat company, vessel-boat company, steamboat company, or ferry company;
- (iv) a railroad company, street railroad company, or sleeping car company;
  - (v) a taxicab company;
  - (vi) a toll bridge company; and
  - (vii) a transit company.
  - (3) "Common carrier" does not include:
    - (i) a county revenue authority;
- (ii) a toll bridge or other facility owned and operated by a county revenue authority; or
  - (iii) a vanpool or launch service.
- f(d)f(F) "Company", as a designation for a type of enterprise, includes a person that owns a company individually or as an agent, trustee, or receiver of a company.
  - [(e)] (G) "County" means a county of the State or Baltimore City.
  - [(f)] (H) (1) "Electric company" means a [public service company that:
- (i) owns an electric plant and transmits, sells, or distributes electricity;
  - (ii) generates electricity for distribution or sale; or
- (iii) is authorized to install or maintain facilities in, over, or under streets for furnishing or distributing electricity.
- (2) "Electric company" includes a municipal corporation that is in the business of supplying electricity for other than municipal purposes] PERSON WHO PHYSICALLY TRANSMITS OR DISTRIBUTES ELECTRICITY IN THE STATE TO A RETAIL ELECTRIC CUSTOMER
- [(3)] (2) "Electric company" does not include [a company that generates or transmits electricity exclusively for its own use]: