

Also in subsection (b)(1)(i) of this section, the former phrase “[i]n accordance with Article 41, § 4-504” is deleted as unnecessary because the relevant part of former Art. 41, § 4-504 (i.e., Art. 41, § 4-504(a)) is revised in subsection (a)(2) of this section, which authorizes the Commission to negotiate, enter into, and sign predetermined parole release agreements “as provided under subsection (b) of this section”.

In subsection (b)(1)(ii) of this section, the reference to a “term” of confinement is substituted for the former reference to a “period” of confinement for consistency throughout this article. See General Revisor’s Note to this article.

In subsection (b)(2) of this section, the reference to former Art. 27, § 700A is deleted for accuracy. Former Art. 27, § 700A, which related to work release and is revised in §§ 3-801 through 3-806 of this article, did not authorize an inmate to earn diminution credits.

Also in subsection (b)(2) of this section, the reference to diminution of “an inmate’s term of confinement” is substituted for the former reference to diminution of “sentence” for consistency throughout this article. See General Revisor’s Note to this article.

In subsections (c) and (d)(3) of this section, the references to a “municipal corporation” are substituted for the former references to a “city” to conform to Md. Constitution, Art. XI-E.

In subsection (c) of this section, the reference to an “individual” is substituted for the former reference to a “person” because only a human being, and not the other entities included in the defined term “person”, can be confined in a correctional facility. See § 1-101 of this article for the definition of “person”.

The Correctional Services Article Review Committee notes, for consideration by the General Assembly, that the meaning of “visitorial powers” in subsection (c) of this section is unclear. In other contexts, similar terms have been interpreted in an extremely broad manner. See, e.g., Wilson v. Board of Education, 234 Md. 561, 565 (1963) (stating that the State Board of Education has “a visitatorial power of the most comprehensive character”). The General Assembly may wish to clarify the meaning of subsection (c) of this section. See also § 6-110 of this article and accompanying Revisor’s Note.

In the introductory language of subsection (d) of this section, the phrase “[a]s necessary to carry out its duties” is substituted for the former phrase “wherever, in the judgment of the said members of the Commission, it may be necessary for the effectual discharge of their duties under this subtitle” for brevity.

In subsection (d)(1) of this section, the reference to the authority of the Commission to “issue subpoenas requiring attendance and testimony of witnesses” is substituted for the former reference to the authority of the