

~~(v) If a child subject to a suspension under this subsection does not hold a license to operate a motor vehicle on the date of the disposition, the suspension shall commence:~~

~~1. If the child is at least 16 years of age on the date of the disposition, on the date of the disposition; or~~

~~2. If the child is younger than 16 years of age on the date of the disposition, on the date the child reaches the child's 16th birthday.~~

~~(2) In addition to the dispositions under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the court also may:~~

~~(i) Counsel the child or the parent or both, or order the child to participate in an alcohol education or rehabilitation program that is in the best interest of the child;~~

~~(ii) Impose a civil fine of not more than \$25 for the first violation and a civil fine of not more than \$100 for the second and subsequent violations; or~~

~~(iii) Order the child to participate in a supervised work program for not more than 20 hours for the first violation and not more than 40 hours for the second and subsequent violations.~~

~~(3) (i) The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection do not apply to a child found to have committed a violation under Article 27, § 405A of the Code.~~

~~(ii) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed a violation under Article 27, § 405A of the Code, the court may:~~

~~1. Counsel the child or the parent or both, or order the child to participate in a smoking cessation clinic, or other suitable presentation of the hazards associated with tobacco use that is in the best interest of the child;~~

~~2. Impose a civil fine of not more than \$25 for the first violation and a civil fine of not more than \$100 for a second or subsequent violation; or~~

~~3. Order the child to participate in a supervised work program for not more than 20 hours for the first violation and not more than 40 hours for a second or subsequent violation.~~

~~(4) (f) IN MAKING A DISPOSITION ON A FINDING THAT THE CHILD HAS COMMITTED A VIOLATION UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 129C, § 151A, OR § 151C OF THE CODE, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION TO INITIATE AN ACTION, UNDER THE MARYLAND VEHICLE LAW, TO SUSPEND THE DRIVING PRIVILEGE OF A CHILD FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED:~~

~~1. FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, 6 MONTHS, AND~~

~~2. FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, 1 YEAR OR UNTIL THE PERSON IS 21 YEARS OLD, WHICHEVER IS LONGER.~~