- a telephone or by other electronic means may be deemed to have been committed either at the place at which the telephone call or calls were made or the electronic communication originated or at the place at which the telephone call or calls or electronic communication were received.
- [(b)] (C) A person convicted of violating this section is subject to a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years, or to both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. This section does not apply to any statement or rumor made or circulated by an officer, employee, or agent of a bona fide civilian defense organization or agency, if made in the regular course of his duties with that organization or agency.
- [(c)] (D) (1) In addition to the penalty provided in subsection [(b)] (C) of this section, a person convicted OR FOUND TO HAVE COMMITTED A DELINQUENT ACT under this section may be ordered by the court to pay restitution to:
- (i) The State, county, municipal corporation, bicounty agency, or special taxing district for actual costs reasonably incurred due to the response to a location and search for a destructive device caused by the false statement or rumor of a destructive device; and
- (ii) The owner or tenant of a property for the actual value of any goods, services, or income lost as a result of the evacuation of the property in response to the false statement or rumor of a destructive device.
- (2) This subsection may not be construed to limit the right of a person to restitution under § 807 of this article.
- (3) (I) IF THE PERSON CONVICTED OR FOUND TO HAVE COMMITTED A DELINQUENT ACT UNDER THIS SECTION IS A CHILD, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE CHILD, THE CHILD'S PARENT, OR BOTH TO PAY THE RESTITUTION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- (II) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, THE PROVISIONS OF $\frac{\$-807(A)(3)}{\$-807}$ OF THIS ARTICLE APPLY TO AN ORDER OF RESTITUTION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.
- (E) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY AUTHORIZED BY LAW, IF THE PERSON CONVICTED OR FOUND TO HAVE COMMITTED A DELINQUENT ACT UNDER THIS SECTION IS A CHILD, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION TO INITIATE AN ACTION, UNDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS, TO SUSPEND THE DRIVING PRIVILEGE OF THE CHILD FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED:
 - (1) FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, 6 MONTHS; AND
- (2) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, 1 YEAR OR UNTIL THE PERSON IS 21 YEARS OLD, WHICHEVER IS LONGER.
- (E) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY AUTHORIZED BY LAW, IF THE PERSON CONVICTED OR FOUND TO HAVE COMMITTED A DELINQUENT ACT UNDER THIS SECTION IS A CHILD, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE