

GOVERNMENT EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES SYSTEMS SYSTEM FOR SERVICES THAT ARE NOT IN RESPONSE TO AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL CONDITION.

(D) AN ENTITY SUBJECT TO THIS SECTION MAY NOT REQUIRE AN INSURED OR ENROLLEE TO OBTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION BEFORE ACCESSING THE 911 SYSTEM OR OTHER STATE, COUNTY, OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES SYSTEM FOR ~~EMERGENCY SERVICES~~ AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL CONDITION.

~~(C)~~ (E) AN ENTITY SUBJECT TO THIS SECTION MAY NOT USE FALSE OR MISLEADING LANGUAGE IN ITS ENROLLMENT SALES MATERIALS OR IN ANY OTHER MATERIALS PROVIDED TO INSUREDS OR ENROLLEES TO DISCOURAGE OR PROHIBIT INSUREDS OR ENROLLEES FROM ACCESSING THE 911 SYSTEM FOR ~~EMERGENCY AMBULANCE SERVICES~~ AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL CONDITION.

**Article - Health - General**

19-706.

(FF) THE PROVISIONS OF § 15-126 OF THE INSURANCE ARTICLE APPLY TO HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1999.

May 27, 1999

The Honorable Thomas V. Mike Miller, Jr.  
President of the Senate  
State House  
Annapolis MD 21401

Dear Mr. President:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed Senate Bill 676.

This bill makes several revisions to the Maryland Fair Distribution Act. Among other things, it provides that if a dispute arises between the grantor and the distributor relating to the application of the Maryland Fair Distribution Act, the parties must submit the dispute to arbitration under the Maryland Uniform Arbitration Act.

House Bill 785, which was passed by the General Assembly and signed by me on May 27, 1999, accomplishes the same purpose. Therefore, it is not necessary for me to sign Senate Bill 676.

Sincerely,  
Parris N. Glendening  
Governor