14-139. PROHIBITED ACTS OF OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND EMPLOYEES; CIVIL PENALTY.

(A) PROHIBITED ACTS OF OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND EMPLOYEES.

AN OFFICER, DIRECTOR, OR EMPLOYEE OF A CORPORATION OPERATING UNDER THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT:

- (1) WILLFULLY VIOLATE A PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE OR A REGULATION ADOPTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE;
- (2) WILLFULLY MISREPRESENT OR CONCEAL A MATERIAL FACT IN A STATEMENT, REPORT, RECORD, OR COMMUNICATION SUBMITTED TO THE COMMISSIONER:
- (3) WILLFULLY MISREPRESENT A MATERIAL FACT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS;
- (4) MISAPPROPRIATE OR FAIL TO ACCOUNT PROPERLY FOR MONEY THAT BELONGS TO THE CORPORATION, AN INSURER, AGENT, BROKER, SUBSCRIBER, OR CERTIFICATE HOLDER:
- (5) ENGAGE IN FRAUDULENT OR DISHONEST PRACTICES IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROVISION OR ADMINISTRATION OF A HEALTH SERVICE PLAN:
- (6) WILLFULLY FAIL TO PRODUCE RECORDS OR ALLOW AN EXAMINATION UNDER § 14–125 OF THIS SUBTITLE: OR
- (7) WILLFULLY FAIL TO COMPLY WITH A LAWFUL ORDER OF THE COMMISSIONER.
 - (B) CIVIL PENALTY IN GENERAL.
- (1) A PERSON THAT VIOLATES SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PENALTY NOT EXCEEDING \$5,000 FOR EACH VIOLATION.
- (2) INSTEAD OF OR IN ADDITION TO IMPOSING A CIVIL PENALTY, THE COMMISSIONER MAY REQUIRE THE VIOLATOR TO MAKE RESTITUTION TO ANY PERSON THAT HAS SUFFERED FINANCIAL INJURY AS A RESULT OF THE VIOLATION.
 - (C) SAME REQUIRED CONSIDERATIONS.

IN DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL PENALTY TO BE IMPOSED, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL CONSIDER:

- (1) THE SERIOUSNESS OF THE VIOLATION;
- (2) THE GOOD FAITH OF THE VIOLATOR;
- (3) THE VIOLATOR'S HISTORY OF PREVIOUS VIOLATIONS:
- (4) THE DELETERIOUS EFFECT OF THE VIOLATION ON THE PUBLIC AND THE NONPROFIT HEALTH SERVICE INDUSTRY; AND