

- (iv) The date and time of such violation;
- (v) The amount of the toll not paid;
- (vi) The amount of the civil penalty; and
- (vii) The date by which the toll and penalty must be paid.

(4) A [notice of liability] CITATION shall also include:

(i) Information advising the person liable under this section of the manner and the time in which liability alleged in the [notice] CITATION may be contested;

(ii) The statutory defenses described in subsection (f) of this section;
and

(iii) A warning that failure to pay the toll and civil penalty or to contest liability in the manner and time prescribed is an admission of liability and a waiver of available defenses, and may result in the entry of a default judgment or in the refusal or suspension of the motor vehicle registration.

(5) A person receiving the [notice of] CITATION FOR A violation under this section may:

(i) Pay the toll and the civil penalty directly to the Maryland Transportation Authority; or

(ii) Elect to stand trial for the alleged violation.

(6) If the registered owner of a motor vehicle who is liable under this section fails to pay the prescribed toll and civil penalty within 60 days after mailing of the [notice of liability] CITATION, the Maryland Transportation Authority or its duly authorized agent may:

(i) Collect the toll, the civil [penalty] PENALTY, and administrative expenses by civil action commenced in the district court for the jurisdiction in which the alleged failure to pay a toll occurred; or

(ii) Notify the Administration of the failure to pay the toll and civil penalty in accordance with § 27-110 of this article.

(d) A certificate alleging that a failure to pay a toll occurred, sworn to or affirmed by a duly authorized agent of the Maryland Transportation Authority, based upon inspection of photographs, [videotape] VIDEOTAPE, or other electronically recorded images of the license plate of a motor vehicle produced by an electronic toll collection video-monitoring system shall be evidence of the facts contained therein and shall be admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this section.

(f) (2) If the registered owner is a lessor of motor vehicles, and at the time of the failure to pay a toll the motor vehicle involved was in the possession of a lessee, and the lessor within 30 days of the [notice of violation] CITATION provides the Maryland