- (2) the empaneling of a jury;
- (3) jury trial proceedings, including instructions to the jury;
- (4) motions for new trial;
- (5) judgment N.O.V.; and
- (6) matters that may be considered on appeal].
- [(b) The only question for the jury in a trial under this subtitle is whether the alleged father is the father of the child.]
- (c) In a trial under this subtitle, no comment on or reference to an alleged father's failure to testify may be made or permitted.
 5-1028.1.
- (a) An unmarried father and mother shall be provided an opportunity to execute an affidavit of parentage in the manner provided under § 4-208 of the Health General Article.
- (b) The affidavit shall be completed on a standardized form developed by the Department.
 - (c) (1) The completed affidavit of parentage form shall contain:
- [(1)](I) in ten point boldface type a statement that the affidavit is a legal document and constitutes a rebuttable presumption of parentage in a paternity proceeding LEGAL FINDING OF PATERNITY;
 - [(2)](II) the full name and the place and date of birth of the child;
 - [(3)](III) the full name of the attesting father of the child;
 - [(4)](IV) the full name of the attesting mother of the child;
- [(5)](V) the signatures of the father and the mother of the child attesting, under penalty of perjury, that the information provided on the affidavit is true and correct;
- [(6)](VI) a statement by the mother consenting to the assertion of paternity and acknowledging that her cosignatory is the only possible father;
- [(7)] (VII) a statement by the father that he is the natural father of the child; and
 - [(8)](VIII)the Social Security numbers provided by each of the parents.
- (2) BEFORE COMPLETING AN AFFIDAVIT OF PARENTAGE FORM, THE UNMARRIED MOTHER AND THE FATHER SHALL BE ADVISED ORALLY AND IN WRITING OF THE LEGAL CONSEQUENCES OF EXECUTING THE AFFIDAVIT <u>AND OF THE BENEFIT OF SEEKING LEGAL COUNSEL</u>.