1997 LAWS OF MARYLAND

Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

4-301.

- (b) Except as provided in § 4-302 OF THIS SUBTITLE, the District Court also has exclusive original jurisdiction in a criminal case in which a person at least 18 years old or a corporation is charged with:
- (1) Commission of a common-law or statutory misdemeanor regardless of the amount of money or value of the property involved;
- (2) Violation of §§ 342 through 344 of Article 27 of the Code, whether a felony or a misdemeanor;
- (3) Violation of a county, municipal, or other ordinance, if the violation is not a felony;
- (4) Criminal violation of a State, county, or municipal rule or regulation, if the violation is not a felony;
- (5) Doing or omitting to do any act made punishable by a fine, imprisonment, or other penalty as provided by the particular law, ordinance, rule, or regulation defining the violation if the violation is not a felony;
- (6) Violation of Article 27, § 141 of this Code, whether a felony or a misdemeanor;
- (7) Violation of Article 27, § 145 of this Code, whether a felony or misdemeanor;
 - (8) Violation of Article 27, § 44 of the Code;
- (9) Violation of Article 48A, § 233 of the Code, whether a felony or a misdemeanor;
 - (10) Violation of § 9-1106 of the Labor and Employment Article; [or]
 - (11) Violation of § 14-1403 of the Commercial Law Article;
 - (12) VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 27, § 388 OF THE CODE; OR
 - (13) VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 27, § 388A OF THE CODE.

<u>4-302.</u>

- (a) Except as provided in § 4-301(b)(2), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), [and] (11), (12), AND (13), of this subtitle, the District Court does not have jurisdiction to try a criminal case charging the commission of a felony.
- (d) The jurisdiction of the District Court is concurrent with that of the circuit court in a criminal case:
- (1) In which the penalty may be confinement for three years or more or a fine of \$2,500 or more; or