COMMITTING THAT CRIME, DIMINUTION CREDITS THAT WERE ALLOWED TO THE INMATE PRIOR TO RELEASE ON PAROLE MAY NOT BE APPLIED TOWARDS THE INMATE'S TERM OF CONFINEMENT UPON RETURN TO THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION.

- (K) (1) AN INMATE WHO IS CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR A CRIME COMMITTED WHILE ON PAROLE MAY NOT BE RELEASED TO MANDATORY SUPERVISION UNTIL THE INMATE HAS SERVED AT LEAST A PERIOD OF TIME IN THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION EQUAL TO THE LONGEST SENTENCE IMPOSED FOR THE CRIME COMMITTED WHILE ON PAROLE LESS ANY GOOD CONDUCT CREDIT AWARD ATTRIBUTABLE TO THAT PERIOD AND LESS ANY CREDITS EARNED FOLLOWING EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IF AN INMATE WHO IS CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR A CRIME COMMITTED WHILE ON PAROLE AND THE PAROLE IS REVOKED, DIMINUTION CREDITS THAT WERE ALLOWED PRIOR TO THE INMATE'S RELEASE ON PAROLE MAY NOT BE APPLIED TOWARD THE INMATE'S TERM OF CONFINEMENT UPON RETURN TO THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION.
- (2) THIS SUBSECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO PROHIBIT PAROLE RELEASE OR OTHERWISE AFFECT THE PAROLE ELIGIBILITY OF AN INMATE PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY DIMINUTION CREDITS EARNED FOLLOWING THE INMATE'S RETURN TO THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1996.

May 23, 1996

The Honorable Casper R. Taylor, Jr. Speaker of the House State House Annapolis MD 21401

Dear Mr. Speaker:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed House Bill 44.

This bill abolishes the common law rule which bars prosecution for homicide unless the victim dies within a year and a day from the time the act or omission causing the death occurred.

Senate Bill 45, which was passed by the General Assembly and signed by me on May 14, 1996, accomplishes the same purpose. Therefore, it is not necessary for me to sign House Bill 44.

Sincerely, Parris N. Glendening Governor