## Article - State Personnel and Pensions

7-602.

- (A) Each employee subject to this subtitle is entitled to work-related accident leave with sick pay if:
- (1) the employee sustains an accidental A DISABLING personal injury fin the actual performance of the employee's job duties;
- (2) the injury} THAT would be compensable under the Maryland Workers' Compensation Act; and and
- $\{(3)\}$  a physician examines the employee and certifies that the employee is disabled because of the injury; AND
- (4) THE EMPLOYEE FILES A CLAIM—WITH—THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMMISSION.
- (B) THE APPOINTING AUTHORITY OF AN EMPLOYEE ENTITLED TO WORK-RELATED ACCIDENT LEAVE SHALL NOTIFY THE EMPLOYEE OF THE EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO FILE A CLAIM WITH THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMMISSION.
  7-603.
  - (A) An employee may use work-related accident leave:
    - (1) beginning on the first day of disability; and
    - (2) continuing until the earlier of:
- (i) the day that the employee is able to return to work, as certified by a physician; or
  - (ii) [1 year] 6 MONTHS from the day of disability.
- (B) AFTER AN EMPLOYEE RETURNS TO WORK, WORK-RELATED ACCIDENT LEAVE MAY BE GRANTED FOR CONTINUING TREATMENT AS CERTIFIED BY A PHYSICIAN SELECTED BY THE APPOINTING AUTHORITY UNTIL THE EARLIER OF:
- (1) THE DAY THAT THE EMPLOYEE IS ABLE TO RETURN TO WORK, AS CERTIFIED BY A PHYSICIAN; OR
  - (2) 6 MONTHS FROM THE DAY OF THE ORIGINAL DISABILITY.
- (C) WORK-RELATED ACCIDENT LEAVE MAY BE GRANTED FOR UP TO AN ADDITIONAL 6 MONTHS IF:
- (1) THE EMPLOYEE IS CERTIFIED BY A PHYSICIAN SELECTED BY THE APPOINTING AUTHORITY; AND
- (2) NO DECISION HAS BEEN REACHED BY THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMMISSION ON THE EMPLOYEE'S CLAIM.