

(E) COMPENSATION:

(1) "COMPENSATION" MEANS MONEY OR ANY OTHER VALUABLE THING, REGARDLESS OF FORM, RECEIVED OR TO BE RECEIVED BY A PERSON FROM AN EMPLOYER FOR SERVICES RENDERED.

(2) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBTITLE 7 OF THIS TITLE, IF LOBBYING IS ONLY A PORTION OF A PERSON'S EMPLOYMENT, "COMPENSATION" MEANS A PRORATED AMOUNT THAT IS BASED ON THE TIME DEVOTED BY THE PERSON TO LOBBYING COMPARED TO THE TIME DEVOTED TO OTHER EMPLOYMENT DUTIES.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is the first two sentences of former Art. 40A, § 1-201(h).

In paragraph (1) of this subsection, "person" is substituted for the former reference to "individual" to reflect the application of this provision to "nonnatural persons".

Defined terms: "Employer" § 15-102
"Person" § 1-101

(F) EMPLOYEE.

(1) "EMPLOYEE" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS EMPLOYED:

- (I) BY AN EXECUTIVE UNIT;
- (II) BY THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH; OR
- (III) IN THE JUDICIAL BRANCH.

(2) "EMPLOYEE" DOES NOT INCLUDE:

- (I) A PUBLIC OFFICIAL; OR
- (II) A STATE OFFICIAL.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 40A, § 1-201(i).

Because "employee" and "State employee" are identically defined in the source law, the single term "employee" is used for clarity.

Defined terms: "Executive unit" § 15-102
"Public official" § 15-102
"State official" § 15-102

(G) EMPLOYER.

"EMPLOYER" MEANS AN ENTITY THAT PAYS OR AGREES TO PAY COMPENSATION TO ANOTHER ENTITY FOR SERVICES RENDERED.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 40A, § 1-201(j).