

(1) CLASSIFY AN OBSTETRICIAN/GYNECOLOGIST AS A PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN; OR

(2) PERMIT A WOMAN TO RECEIVE AN ANNUAL VISIT TO AN IN-NETWORK OBSTETRICIAN/GYNECOLOGIST FOR ROUTINE GYNECOLOGICAL CARE WITHOUT REQUIRING THE WOMAN TO FIRST VISIT A PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER.

**Article - Health - General**

19-706.

~~(K) THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 48A, § 490W OF THE CODE SHALL APPLY TO HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS.~~

(K) A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION SHALL:

(1) CLASSIFY AN OBSTETRICIAN/GYNECOLOGIST AS A PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN; OR

(2) PERMIT A WOMAN TO RECEIVE AN ANNUAL VISIT TO AN IN-NETWORK OBSTETRICIAN/GYNECOLOGIST FOR ROUTINE GYNECOLOGICAL CARE WITHOUT REQUIRING THE WOMAN TO FIRST VISIT A PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER.

**Article — Health Occupations**

14-509.

~~FOR PURPOSES OF ARTICLE 48A, § 490W OF THE CODE AND § 19-706(K) OF THE HEALTH — GENERAL ARTICLE, THE BOARD SHALL PERMIT A PHYSICIAN WHO IS A SPECIALIST IN THE MEDICAL FIELD OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY TO BE CLASSIFIED AS A PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN.~~

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1994.

May 26, 1994

The Honorable Casper R. Taylor, Jr.  
Speaker of the House of Delegates  
State House  
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Dear Mr. Speaker:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed House Bill 937.

House Bill 937 would limit the amount of an initial application fee that the Child Support Enforcement Administration (CSEA) may charge for child support collection services to \$25 (the maximum allowed under current Federal law). The bill also would prohibit CSEA from deducting fees from child support payments to defray the costs of providing