- (2) In making a determination under subsection (b)(3)(i) of this section concerning the resources of a health care practitioner necessary to deliver health care services, the Commission:
- (i) Shall ensure that the compensation for health care services is reasonably related to the cost of providing the health care service; and
 - (ii) Shall consider:
 - 1. The cost of professional liability insurance;
- 2. The cost of complying with all federal, State, and local regulatory requirements;
 - 3. The reasonable cost of bad debt and charity care;
- 4. The differences in experience or expertise among health care practitioners, including recognition of relative preeminence in the practitioner's field or specialty and the cost of education and continuing professional education;
 - 5. The geographic variations in practice costs;
- 6. The reasonable staff and office expenses deemed necessary by the Commission to deliver health care services;
- 7. The costs associated with a faculty practice plan affiliated with a teaching hospital; and
 - 8. Any other factors deemed appropriate by the Commission.
- (3) In making a determination under subsection (b)(3)(ii) of this section concerning the value of a health care service relative to other health care services, the Commission shall consider:
- (i) The relative complexity of the health care service compared to that of other health care services;
 - (ii) The cognitive skills associated with the health care service;
- (iii) The time and effort that are necessary to provide the health care service; and
 - (iv) Any other factors deemed appropriate by the Commission:
- (4) Except as provided under subsection (d) of this section, a conversion modifier shall be:
 - (i) A payor's standard for reimbursement;
 - (ii) A health care practitioner's standard for reimbursement; or
- (iii) Arrangements agreed upon between a payor [or patient] and a health care practitioner, OR FOR SERVICES NOT COVERED BY A HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN, BETWEEN A PATIENT AND A HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER.