

However, to conform to specific provisions of numerous other occupational laws and to meet fundamental requirements of fairness, subsection (a) of this section is added to require a hearing and, consequently, to allow the review in accordance with § 11-411 of this subtitle. For circumstances under which the Board may act summarily, see SG § 10-405(b).

Subsection (b) of this section is standard language added to state expressly that the provisions of Title 10, Subtitle 2 of the State Government Article apply to hearings under this section.

Subsection (c) of this section is new language added to state expressly a power of the Board that is inherent under its authority to conduct a formal administrative hearing under this section.

Subsection (d) of this section is standard language added to clarify that, if an accused individual has been given proper notice, the Board may proceed with a hearing even if the individual fails to appear.

Defined term: "Board" § 11-101

11-411. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

ANY PERSON AGGRIEVED BY A FINAL DECISION OF THE BOARD IN A CONTESTED CASE, AS DEFINED IN § 10-201 OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE, MAY TAKE AN APPEAL AS ALLOWED IN §§ 10-215 AND 10-216 OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is standard language used throughout this article to provide for judicial review.

The introductory phrase of this section conforms to SG § 10-215, which provides a right of judicial review of any "final decision" of an agency in a "contested case". A situation is a contested case if a party has a right to a hearing (see the definition of "contested case" in SG § 10-201(c)).

Defined terms: "Board" § 11-101
"Person" § 1-101

SUBTITLE 5. EMPLOYMENT AND COMPENSATION OF PILOTS.

11-501. EMPLOYMENT OF PILOT.

(A) REQUIRED EMPLOYMENT.