VETOES

- (a) (1) A judge need not sequester a witness who has testified and who is:
- (i) The victim of a crime of violence under § 643B of this article for which the defendant is being tried; or
- (ii) If the victim is deceased or disabled as a result of a crime or crimes of violence under § 643B of this article, a representative of the victim selected by the victim's next of kin or guardian.
- (2) In the event of a dispute over the representative, the court may designate the representative.
- (b) A judge may remove a victim or representative from the trial for cause.]
 620.
- (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.
 - (2) "VICTIM" MEANS A PERSON WHO:
 - (I) HAS TESTIFIED AS A WITNESS; AND
- (II) IS THE VICTIM OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE UNDER \$ 643B OF THIS ARTICLE OR A CRIME INVOLVING, CAUSING, OR RESULTING IN DEATH OR SERIOUS BODILY HARM FOR WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS BEING TRIED.
 - (3) "REPRESENTATIVE" MEANS A PERSON WHO IS:
 - (I) 1. SUBPOENAED OR HAS TESTIFIED; AND
- 2. SELECTED BY THE NEXT OF KIN OR GUARDIAN OF A PERSON WHO IS DECEASED OR DISABLED AS A RESULT OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE UNDER § 643B OF THIS ARTICLE OR A CRIME INVOLVING, CAUSING, OR RESULTING IN DEATH OR SERIOUS BODILY HARM; OR
- (II) DESIGNATED BY THE COURT IN THE EVENT OF A DISPUTE OVER THE REPRESENTATIVE.
- (B) A VICTIM OR REPRESENTATIVE SHALL BE PRESUMED TO HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE PRESENT AT THE TRIAL.
- (C) THE JUDGE MAY SEQUESTER A VICTIM OR REPRESENTATIVE FROM ANY PART OF THE TRIAL AT THE REQUEST OF THE DEFENDANT OR THE STATE ONLY AFTER A FINDING OF GOOD CAUSE.