

in Subtitle BV of the Md. Rules. The Business Occupations Article Review Committee notes this deletion for consideration by the General Assembly.

In subsection (c) of this section, the specific references to a "partnership" and a "partner" are added for clarity.

In subsections (d) and (e) of this section, the former references to confinement "in jail" are deleted as unnecessary in light of Art. 27, § 690 of the Code.

In subsection (e) of this section, the reference to a "misdemeanor" is added for clarity. See State v. Canova, 278 Md. 483 (1976); Dutton v. State, 123 Md. 373 (1914).

The Business Occupations Article Review Committee also notes the diverse penalties derived from the provisions of former Articles 10 and 27 concerning the practice of law, which are accurately preserved in this revision.

Soliciting clients in jails is a misdemeanor offense carrying a penalty of \$1,000 or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, while the practice of law by a sheriff or warden merely carries a fine of \$50. The latter is the original penalty imposed by Ch. 41, Acts of 1715.

The penalty for misrepresentation is \$5,000 or 6 months, while the penalty for practice by an individual whose admission to the Bar is inactive, suspended, or revoked is \$1,000 or 1 year. In contrast, the penalty for practice by a person not admitted to the Bar is \$100 or 30 days. The latter penalty, which is the original penalty imposed by Ch. 61, Acts of 1900, is low in comparison to the penalties imposed under similar provisions in other titles throughout this article. See, e.g., § 2-605 of this article, which imposes a penalty of \$500 or 6 months, or both, for practicing certified public accountancy without a license.

Defined terms: "Bar" § 10-101
"Person" § 1-101 "Practice law" § 10-101

SUBTITLE 7. SHORT TITLE.

10-701. SHORT TITLE.

THIS TITLE MAY BE CITED AS THE "MARYLAND LAWYERS ACT".