LAWS OF MARYLAND

- (1) THERE HAS BEEN AN EXPOSURE INVOLVING THE INMATE;
- (2) THE EXPOSURE OCCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH THE INMATE'S VIOLATION OF INSTITUTIONAL REGULATIONS;
- (3) THE INMATE HAS BEEN FOUND GUILTY OF THE VIOLATION OF INSTITUTIONAL REGULATIONS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION;
- (4) THE CORRECTIONAL EMPLOYEE INVOLVED IN THE EXPOSURE HAS GIVEN WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE EXPOSURE TO THE MANAGING OFFICIAL OF THE CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION, OR THE OFFICIAL'S DESIGNEE; AND
- (5) THE EXPOSURE IS CONFIRMED BY A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.
- (C) THE CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION SHALL COLLECT THE BLOOD SAMPLE FROM THE INMATE, AND SHALL CAUSE HAVE THE SAMPLE TO-BE TESTED FOR HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) BY A TEST AND TEST PROCEDURE APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- (D) THE CORRECTIONAL EMPLOYEE SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF THE RESULTS OF THE TEST FOR THE PRESENCE OF HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) CONDUCTED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.
- (E) THE NOTIFICATION REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION SHALL:
- (1) BE MADE WITHIN 48 HOURS OF CONFIRMATION OF THE INMATE'S DIAGNOSIS;
- (2) INCLUDE SUBSEQUENT WRITTEN CONFIRMATION OF THE POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV); AND
- WILL PROTECT THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE CORRECTIONAL EMPLOYEE?
- ### THAT--WILL-PROTECT--THE-CONFIDENTIALITY--OF-THE-INMATE AND THE TIMATE.
- (F) IF THE RESULTS OF THE BLOOD SAMPLE TEST ARE POSITIVE FOR THE PRESENCE OF HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV), THEN THE CORRECTIONAL EMPLOYEE AND THE INMATE SHALL BE PROVIDED APPROPRIATE COUNSELING.
- (G) ALL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS SHALL DEVELOP WRITTEN PROCEDURES TO CARRY OUT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.
- (H) A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER ACTING IN GOOD FAITH TO PROVIDE NOTIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE HELD