

{7} (8) DEVELOP MODEL RULES OF PROCEDURE AND OTHER GUIDELINES FOR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS;

{8} (9) DEVELOP A CODE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES; AND

{9} (10) MONITOR THE QUALITY OF STATE ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS.

(B) THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE MAY:

(1) SERVE AS AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE IN A CONTESTED CASE;

(2) FURNISH ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES ON A CONTRACTUAL BASIS TO OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES;

(3) ACCEPT AND EXPEND FUNDS, GRANTS, AND GIFTS AND ACCEPT SERVICES FROM ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE SOURCE;

(4) ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS WITH ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE AGENCIES OR EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS; AND

(5) ADOPT REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT THIS SUBTITLE.

(C) THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE SHALL SUBMIT AN ANNUAL REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE OFFICE TO THE GOVERNOR AND, SUBJECT TO § 2-1312 OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE, TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

(D) THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE SHALL MEET AND CONFER REGULARLY WITH THE ADVISORY COUNCIL ON ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS.

9-1605.

(A) ~~AN-ADMINISTRATIVE-LAW-JUDGE-MUST-~~

~~{1}-BE-ADMITTED-TO-PRACTICE-LAW-IN-THE-STATE;-OR~~

~~{2}-BE-EMPLOYED-OR-BE-SERVING-AS-A-STATE-HEARING OFFICER-AS-OF-JANUARY-17-1990-~~

{B} AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:

(1) SHALL BE A MEMBER OF THE UNCLASSIFIED SERVICE;

(2) ~~SHALL~~ MAY BE REMOVED, SUSPENDED, OR DEMOTED ~~ONLY~~ BY THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE FOR CAUSE, AFTER NOTICE AND AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD;

(3) SHALL RECEIVE THE COMPENSATION PROVIDED IN THE STATE BUDGET; AND