

(3) EXCEPT DURING THE FIRST 72 HOURS AFTER COMMITMENT, THE DIRECTOR OR A DESIGNEE OF THE DIRECTOR MAY TERMINATE THE COMMITMENT IF THE DIRECTOR OR THE DESIGNEE DETERMINES THAT:

(I) CONTINUED COMMITMENT IS NOT IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE INDIVIDUAL; OR

(II) THE INDIVIDUAL IS NO LONGER AMENABLE TO TREATMENT.

(I) WHEN AN INDIVIDUAL IS TO BE RELEASED FROM A COMMITMENT UNDER THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE SHALL CONSULT WITH THE COURT TO DETERMINE IF THE INDIVIDUAL IS TO BE RETURNED TO THE COURT.

(J) IN THE EVENT AN INDIVIDUAL COMMITTED UNDER THIS SECTION LEAVES A TREATMENT FACILITY WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION, THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEPARTMENT IS LIMITED TO THE NOTIFICATION OF THE COURT THAT COMMITTED THE INDIVIDUAL AS SOON AS IT IS REASONABLY POSSIBLE.

(K) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION IMPOSES ANY OBLIGATION ON THE ADMINISTRATION:

(1) TO TREAT ANY DEFENDANT WHO KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY DECLINES TO CONSENT TO FURTHER TREATMENT; OR

(2) IN REPORTING TO THE COURT UNDER THIS SECTION, TO INCLUDE AN ASSESSMENT OF A DEFENDANT'S DANGEROUSNESS TO ONE'S SELF, TO ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL, OR TO THE PROPERTY OF ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL BY VIRTUE OF A DRUG OR ALCOHOL PROBLEM.

(L) ANY TIME SERVED BY A CRIMINAL DEFENDANT HELD FOR EVALUATION OR COMMITTED FOR TREATMENT SHALL BE CREDITED AGAINST THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT.

Subtitle [8] 6. Privileged Information

[8-801] 8-601.

(a) If an individual seeks counseling, treatment, or therapy, for any form of drug or alcohol abuse, from a ~~physician, psychologist~~ HEALTH PROFESSIONAL LICENSED UNDER THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE TREATING PATIENTS WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE PROFESSIONAL'S PRACTICE, or hospital, or a person who is certified by the Administration for counseling or treating drug or alcohol abuse, the oral or written statements that the individual makes and the observations and conclusions that the ~~physician, psychologist~~ HEALTH PROFESSIONAL, hospital, or other person derives or the results of an examination to determine the existence of an illegal or prohibited drug in the body of an individual are not admissible in any proceeding against the