

hearing for use by a health professional. The State Board of Audiologists, however, believed that evaluations must be made by the health professional. Item (1) of this section reflects that former Art. 56, § 508(4) seemed to contemplate evaluation only of audiograms and not measurements made by other means. The General Assembly may wish to resolve any ambiguity about the practice of fitting hearing aids.

Defined term: "Hearing aid" § 8-101

(D) HEARING AID.

"HEARING AID" MEANS:

(1) ANY INSTRUMENT OR DEVICE THAT IS DESIGNED FOR OR REPRESENTED AS BEING CAPABLE OF IMPROVING OR CORRECTING IMPAIRED HUMAN HEARING; OR

(2) ANY PART OR ACCESSORY OF THE INSTRUMENT OR DEVICE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 56, § 508(3).

In item (1) of this subsection, the term "impaired human hearing" is substituted for the former, less appropriate term "defective human hearing".

Also in item (1) of this subsection, the former word "aiding" is deleted as unnecessary in light of the words "improving or correcting".

In item (2) of this subsection, the former reference to "attachments" is deleted as unnecessary in light of the words "part or accessory".

(E) HEARING AID DEALER.

"HEARING AID DEALER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO PROVIDES HEARING AID SERVICES.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language added to provide an express definition of "hearing aid dealer".

Defined term: "Provide hearing aid services" § 8-101

(F) LICENSE.

(1) "LICENSE" MEANS, UNLESS THE CONTEXT REQUIRES OTHERWISE, A LICENSE ISSUED BY THE BOARD TO PROVIDE HEARING AID SERVICES.