(8) "VICTIM":

- (I) MEANS A PERSON WHO SUFFERS PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR PROPERTY LOSS AS A DIRECT RESULT OF CRIME; AND
- (II) INCLUDES, IN THE EVENT OF THE DEATH OF A VICTIM, THE VICTIM'S ESTATE.
- (b) (1) On conviction of a crime, ACCEPTANCE OF A PLEA OF NOLO CONTENDERE, OR IMPOSITION OF PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT UNDER \$ 292 OR \$ 641 OF THIS ARTICLE, the court may order the defendant to make restitution in addition to any other penalty for the commission of the crime, if:
- (i) Property of the victim was stolen, converted, unlawfully obtained, or its value substantially decreased as a direct result of the crime;
- (ii) The victim suffered actual medical
 expenses, direct out-of-pocket losses, or loss of earnings as a
 direct result of the crime;
- (iii) The victim incurred medical expenses that were paid by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or any other governmental entity; [or]
- (iv) A governmental entity incurred expenses in the removal, towing, transporting, preserving, storage, sale, or destruction of an abandoned vehicle; OR
- (V) THE CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD PAID BENEFITS TO A VICTIM OF THE CRIME.
- (2) ON CONVICTION OF A CRIME, ACCEPTANCE OF A PLEA OF NOLO CONTENDERE, OR IMPOSITION OF PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT UNDER \$ 292 OR \$ 641 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE COURT SHALL MAY ORDER THE DEFFNDANT TO MAKE RESTITUTION IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY FOR THE COMMISSION OF THE CRIME IF:
- (I) THE VICTIM OR THE STATE ON BEHALF OF THE VICTIM REQUESTS RESTITUTION; AND
- (II) THE COURT IS PRESENTED WITH COMPETENT EVIDENCE OF ANY OF ITEMS (I) THROUGH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- [(2)] (3) The court may order that restitution be made to:
 - (i) The victim;