PRIVILEGE TO OPERATE A COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE UNDER SUBSECTION (F)(6) OF THIS SECTION AND REPORT THE REFUSAL AND DISQUALIFICATION TO THE DRIVER'S RESIDENT STATE WHICH MAY RESULT IN FURTHER PENALTIES IMPOSED BY THE DRIVER'S RESIDENT STATE.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, if a police officer stops or detains any individual who the police officer has reasonable grounds to believe is or has been driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle while intoxicated, while under the influence of alcohol, [or] in violation of an alcohol restriction, IN VIOLATION OF 49 CFR § 392.5, OR IN VIOLATION OF § 16-813 OF THIS ARTHELE TITLE, and who is not unconscious or otherwise incapable of refusing to take a chemical test for alcohol, the police officer shall:

(i) Detain the individual;

- (ii) Request that the individual permit a chemical test to be taken of the individual's blood or breath to determine the [alcoholic content] ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION of the individual's blood;
- (iii) Advise the individual of the administrative penalties that shall be imposed for refusal to take the test; and
- (iv) If the individual refuses to take the test, send a sworn report to the Administration within 72 hours after detention, that states:
- l. The officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the individual had been driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle on a highway or on any private property that is used by the public in general in this State while intoxicated, while under the influence of alcohol, [or] in violation of an alcohol restriction, IN VIOLATION OF 49 CFR § 392.5, OR IN VIOLATION OF § 16-813 OF THIS ARTHELE TITLE; and
- 2. The individual refused to take the chemical test for alcohol when requested by the police officer and after being informed of the administrative penalties that shall be imposed for refusal.
- (c) If a person is involved in a motor vehicle accident that results in the death of another person and the person is detained by a police officer who has reasonable grounds to believe that the person has been driving or attempting to drive while intoxicated [or], while under the influence of alcohol, IN VIOLATION OF 49 CFR § 392.5, OR IN VIOLATION OF § 16-813 OF THTS TITLE, the person shall be required to submit to a chemical test, as directed by the officer, of the person's blood or breath to determine the alcohol [content] CONCENTRATION of the person's blood. If a police officer directs that a person's blood or