LAWS OF MARYLAND

- (1) IMMEDIATE ACCELERATION OF THE LOAN INDEBTEDNESS IF A BORROWER VIOLATES § 2-614 OF THIS SUBTITLE, OR IF THE LOAN IS IN DEFAULT;
- UNDER § 2-602(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE, FULL ACCELERATION OF PRINCIPAL AFTER 5 YEARS IF THE BORROWER NO LONGER QUALIFIES AS A HOUSEHOLD OF LIMITED INCOME AND IS ABLE TO QUALIFY FOR CONVENTIONAL MORTGAGE FINANCING;
- (3) IN THE CASE OF REVERSE EQUITY LOANS MADE UNDER § 2-602(4) OF THIS SUBTITLE:
- (I) FULL OR PARTIAL DEFERRALS ON PAYMENT OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL UNTIL SALE, CONVEYANCE PURSUANT TO A WILL OR TRUST INSTRUMENT, OR OTHER TRANSFER OF THE MORTGAGED PROPERTY OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN; AND
- OF THE AVAILABLE EQUITY IN THE MORTGAGED PROPERTY AT THE TIME OF ANY SUCH CONVEYANCE; AND
- UNDER S 2-602(3) OF THIS SUBTITLE, FULL OR PARTIAL DEFERRALS ON PAYMENT OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL UNTIL A STATED DATE AT WHICH IT IS REASONABLY ANTICIPATED THAT THE BORROWER SHOULD BE ABLE TO MAKE FULL OR PARTIAL PAYMENTS.
- (C) A MORTGAGE SHALL INCLUDE THE RIGHT OF THE DEPARTMENT
 TO:
 - (1) FORECLOSE THE MORTGAGE AND AT FORECLOSURE:

OR (I) TAKE TITLE TO THE PROPERTY FORECLOSED ON;

(II) CONVEY TITLE TO A BUYER; AND

- (2) OBTAIN AND SEEK ENFORCEMENT OF A DEFICIENCY JUDGMENT.
- (D) (1) A LOAN SHALL BE SECURED BY A RECORDED LIEN ON THE REAL PROPERTY THAT IS TO SECURE REPAYMENT OF THE LOAN, WHICH IN THE CASE OF EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE AND REVERSE EQUITY LOANS MAY BE A SUBORDINATE LIEN.
- (2) IN THE CASE OF EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE LOANS, A LIEN MAY BE RELEASED IF IT IS IN THE BEST FINANCIAL INTERESTS OF THE DEPARTMENT.
- (E) THE DEPARTMENT MAY REQUIRE MORTGAGES TO BE INSURED AT THE BORROWER'S EXPENSE BY FEDERAL, STATE, OR PRIVATE INSTRUMENTALITIES.