- (ii) If the petitioner is found to be a drug abuser, the petitioner may be committed to the Administration; and
- (iii) The petitioner is entitled to a trial before the court or a jury.
- The court immediately shall commit the petitioner to the Administration if:
- (1) A motion for a trial is not made by or for the petitioner; and
- (2) The court finds, on clear and convincing evidence, that:
 - (i) The petitioner is a drug abuser;
- (ii) The petitioner needs care, supervision, and treatment because of the drug abuse;
- (iii) The petitioner presents a danger to the life or safety of the petitioner or another; and
- (iv) There is no available less restrictive form of intervention that is consistent with the welfare and safety of the petitioner.

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- (a) (1) On motion by or for the petitioner or on motion of the court, the court shall order a trial on the commitment petition.
- (2) The trial shall be held before the court or, on election of the petitioner, before a jury. After an election for a trial before the court, the petitioner may not have a jury trial.
- (3) The order shall be served on each party interested in the commitment petition and on any other person that the court names.
- (b) (l) The trial shall be held at the time and place stated in the order, unless later changed by the court.
- (2) The court may issue a subpoena for attendance of any witness at the trial. The petitioner is entitled to have subpoenas issued for that purpose.
 - (3) At the trial, the petitioner is entitled:
 - (i) To offer evidence; and