

result of failing to comply with the financial responsibility requirements of that jurisdiction.

[(e)] (F) After receiving satisfactory evidence of any violation of a restricted or provisional driver's license, the Administration may suspend or revoke the license. However, the licensee may request a hearing as provided for a suspension or revocation under Subtitle 2 of this title.

[(f)] (G) If a circuit court or a District Court orders a licensee not to drive or attempt to drive a motor vehicle with alcohol in his blood, the Administration shall have the licensee's driving record and driver's license reflect that the court ordered restriction was imposed, and shall keep records of the order.

[(g)] (H) An individual may not drive a vehicle in any manner that violates any restriction imposed in a restricted license issued to him.

[(h)] (I) An individual may not drive a vehicle in any manner that violates any restriction imposed in a provisional license issued to the individual.

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(G) IF AT THE TIME OF TESTING THERE WAS IN THE PERSON'S BLOOD 0.02 PERCENT OR MORE BY WEIGHT OF ALCOHOL, AS DETERMINED BY AN ANALYSIS OF THE PERSON'S BLOOD OR BREATH, IT SHALL BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE THAT A DEFENDANT WAS DRIVING IN VIOLATION OF § 16-113(B) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE.