

the continuing medical education requirements established for the renewal of licenses as if the individual were licensed during the period of suspension or revocation.

(c) (1) If an order of suspension or revocation is based on § 14-504[(6)] (B) of this subtitle, and the conviction or plea subsequently is overturned at any stage of an appeal or other postconviction proceeding, the suspension or revocation ends when the conviction or plea is overturned.

(2) After the appellate process is completed:

(i) The clerk of the court issuing the final disposition of the case shall notify the [Commission] BOARD of that disposition; and

(ii) If the conviction or plea is upheld after completion of the appellate process, the [Commission] BOARD may not take any further action against the physician unless it gives the physician an opportunity for another hearing, to be held within 60 days after the [Commission] BOARD receives notice of the completion of the appellate process.

14-510.

(a) Except by the express stipulation and consent of all parties to a proceeding before the [Commission] BOARD or any of its investigatory bodies, in a civil or criminal action:

(1) The proceedings, records, or files of the [Commission] BOARD or any of its investigatory bodies are not discoverable and are not admissible in evidence; and

(2) Any order passed by the [Commission] BOARD is not admissible in evidence.

(b) This section does not apply to a civil action brought by a party to a proceeding before the [Commission] BOARD who claims to be aggrieved by the decision of the [Commission] BOARD.

(c) If any medical or hospital record or any other exhibit is subpoenaed and otherwise is admissible in evidence, the use of that record or exhibit in a proceeding before the [Commission] BOARD or any of its investigatory bodies does not prevent its production in any other proceeding.

14-510.1.

(a) In this section, "record" means the proceedings, records, or files of the [Commission] BOARD.