

that willful failure may be treated as a criminal contempt of court, for which the defendant may be punished by the court as provided by law.

(k) A defendant who has been found guilty of a Code violation has the right to appeal or to file a motion for a new trial or a motion for a revision of a judgment provided by law in the trial of a criminal case. The motions shall be made in the same manner provided in the trial of criminal cases, and the court, in ruling on the motions, has the same authority provided in the trial of criminal cases.

(l) The State's Attorney of any county may prosecute a Code violation in the same manner as prosecution of a violation of the criminal laws of this State. The State's Attorney is authorized to enter a nolle prosequi in such cases or to place such cases on the stet docket, and to exercise authority in the same manner prescribed by law for violation of the criminal laws of this State.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1987.

Approved June 2, 1987.

CHAPTER 620

(Senate Bill 460)

AN ACT concerning

Medical Clinics - Immunity from Civil Liability

FOR the purpose of granting certain limited immunity from civil liability to certain licensed physicians who--volunteer--for nominal---compensation--medical--services--at--clinics--that provide--medical--services--for--a--certain--maximum--fee and certain volunteers who work at charitable organizations that provide certain health care services; defining certain terms; creating an exception for liability arising from gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct or intentionally tortious conduct; providing for the application and construction of this Act; and generally relating to the civil liability of physicians certain physicians and certain volunteers working at certain charitable organizations.

BY adding to