- (D) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED BY \$ 413 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE COURT SHALL DECIDE WHETHER TO IMPOSE A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT OR LIFE IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE.
- (E) IN THIS SECTION, "IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE" MEANS IMPRISONMENT FOR THE NATURAL LIFE OF AN INMATE UNDER THE CUSTODY OF A CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION, INCLUDING THE PATUXENT INSTITUTION.

413:

- (a) If a person is found guilty of murder in the first degree, and if the State had given the notice required under § 412(b), a separate sentencing proceeding shall be conducted as soon as practicable after the trial has been completed to determine whether he shall be sentenced to death; for imprisonment-for-life; 7-OR-IMPRISONMENT-FOR-BIFE-WITHOUT-THE POSSIBIBITY-OF-PAROBE.
 - (b) This proceeding shall be conducted:
- (1) Before the jury that determined the defendant's guilt; or
- (2) Before a jury impaneled for the purpose of the proceeding if:
- (i) The defendant was convicted upon a plea of guilty;
- (ii) The defendant was convicted after a trial before the court sitting without a jury;
- (iii) The jury that determined the defendant's guilt has been discharged by the court for good cause; or
- (iv) Review of the original sentence of death by a court of competent jurisdiction has resulted in a remand for resentencing; or
- (3) Before the court alone, if a jury sentencing proceeding is waived by the defendant.
- (c) (1) The following type of evidence is admissible in this proceeding:
- (i) Evidence relating to any mitigating circumstance listed in subsection (g) of this section;
- (ii) Evidence relating to any aggravating circumstance listed in subsection (d) of this section of which the State had notified the defendant pursuant to § 412(b) of this article: