3660 VETOES

This bill allows certain crime victims or certain other persons to address the sentencing judge or jury before the imposition of a sentence, allows limited cross-examination by a defendant, and prohibits the coercion of victims by certain persons.

House Bill 778, which was passed by the General Assembly and signed by me on April 29, 1986, accomplishes the same purpose. Therefore, it is not necessary for me to sign Senate Bill 311.

Sincerely, Harry Hughes Governor

Senate Bill No. 311

AN ACT concerning

Victim's or Representative's Right to Address Sentencing Judge or Jury

FOR the purpose of entitling <u>allowing</u> certain crime victims or certain other persons to address the sentencing judge or jury before the imposition of a sentence under certain circumstances; authorizing—the—judge—to—disallow—oral presentations—under—certain—circumstances; allowing limited cross—examination by a defendant; prohibiting the coersion of victims by certain persons; providing—that—the—exercise or—failure—to—exercise—provisions—of—this—Act—may—not—be grounds—for—an—appeal—of—or—for—a—court—to—take—certain actions—on—a-sentence; and generally relating to a victim's or representative's right to address the sentencing judge or jury.

BY adding to

Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments Section 643D Annotated Code of Maryland (1982 Replacement Volume and 1985 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments

643D.

(A) IN EVERY CASE IN-WHIGH-A-VICTIM-IMPACT-STATEMENT-IS REQUIRED-BY-ARTICLE-417-SECTION-124-OF-THE-CODE, RESULTING IN SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY OR DEATH. THE VICTIM OR A MEMBER OF THE VICTIM'S IMMEDIATE FAMILY, OR IF THE VICTIM IS DECEASED, UNDER A