

[(vi)] 7. The person's right to elect to stand trial for the infraction; AND

8. THE EFFECT OF FAILING TO PAY THE ASSESSED FINE OR DEMAND A TRIAL WITHIN THE PRESCRIBED TIME.

(3) A fine not to exceed [\$100] ~~\$500~~ \$400 may be imposed for each conviction of a municipal infraction. The fine is payable by the recipient of the citation to the municipality within 20 calendar days of receipt of the citation. ~~Repeat offenders may be assessed a fine not to exceed \$200--\$1,000--for each SEPARATE AND repeat offense--A FINE DOUBLED UNDER SUBSECTION (B)(5) OF THIS SECTION MAY NOT EXCEED \$1,000.~~

(4) A person receiving the citation for a municipal infraction may elect to stand trial for the offense by notifying the municipality of his intention of standing trial. The notice shall be given at least 5 days prior to the date of payment as set forth in the citation. Upon receipt of the notice of the intention to stand trial, the municipality shall forward to the District Court having venue a copy of the notice from the person who received the citation indicating his intention to stand trial. Upon receipt of the citation, the District Court shall schedule the case for trial and notify the defendant of the trial date. All fines, penalties, or forfeitures collected by the District Court for violations of municipal infractions shall be remitted to the municipal government.

(5) If a person receiving a citation for an infraction fails to pay the fine for the infraction by the date of payment set forth on the citation and fails to file a notice of his intention to stand trial for the offense, [a formal notice of the infraction shall be sent to the owner's last known address. If the citation has not been satisfied within 15 days from the date of the notice, he shall be liable for an additional fine not to exceed twice the original fine. If after 35 days the citation has not been satisfied, the] THE PERSON IS LIABLE FOR THE ASSESSED FINE. THE municipality may DOUBLE THE FINE TO AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED \$400 AND request adjudication of the case through the District Court, INCLUDING THE FILING OF A DEMAND FOR JUDGMENT ON AFFIDAVIT. The District Court shall [thereupon] promptly schedule the case for trial and summons the defendant to appear. The defendant's failure to respond to such summons shall [be contempt of court] RESULT IN THE ENTRY OF JUDGMENT AGAINST THE DEFENDANT IN FAVOR OF THE MUNICIPALITY IN THE AMOUNT THEN DUE IF A PROPER DEMAND FOR JUDGMENT ON AFFIDAVIT HAS BEEN FILED.

(6) If any person shall be found by the District Court to have committed a municipal infraction[, he]:

(I) THE PERSON shall be required to pay [a fine in an amount not to exceed \$100 or in the event that the infraction is a repeat offense, \$200. He] THE FINE DETERMINED BY THE DISTRICT COURT, NOT TO EXCEED THE LIMITS UNDER PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION;