CHAPTER 652

(Senate Bill 85)

AN ACT concerning

Chemical Test for Alcohol - Refusal - Admissibility

FOR the purpose of eliminating-the-provision-of-law-which provides-that-no-inference-or-presumption-of-guilt-arises from-refusal-to-submit-to-a-chemical-test-for-alcohol; providing that evidence of refusal to submit to a chemical test for alcohol is admissible at a trial for violation of certain motor vehicle laws;--and-generally-relating-to-consequences-arising-from-a-person's-refusal-to-submit-to-a chemical-test-for-alcohol.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings Section 10-309 Annotated Code of Maryland (1984 Replacement Volume and 1985 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

10 - 309.

- (a) Except as provided in § 16-205.1(c) of the Transportation Article, a person may not be compelled to submit to a chemical analysis provided for in this subtitle. Evidence of chemical analysis is not admissible in a prosecution for a violation of § 21-902 of the Transportation Article if obtained contrary to its provisions. -{-No inference or presumption concerning either guilt or innocence arises because of refusal to submit.-}- The fact of refusal to submit is [not] admissible in evidence at the trial.
- (b) This subsection does not limit the provisions of the vehicle laws regarding the consequences of refusal to submit to a chemical test or tests.
- (c) Nothing in this section precludes or limits the admissibility of evidence of chemical analysis in any prosecution other than for a violation of § 21-902 of the Transportation Article.