

(2) IF THE MONEY IS NOT DEDICATED TO A SPECIFIC PURPOSE, WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE GOVERNOR, FOR NECESSARY CURRENT OPERATIONS.

(B) EXCESS RECEIPTS.

MONEY THAT IS DERIVED FROM A SOURCE ESTIMATED AND INCLUDED IN AN APPROPRIATION ACT AND THAT IS IN EXCESS OF THE ESTIMATE SHALL REMAIN IN THE GENERAL FUND OF THE STATE UNTIL APPROPRIATED BY A SUBSEQUENT APPROPRIATION ACT.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 15A, §§ 4, 6, and 7.

The introductory phrase of subsection (a) of this section, "[s]ubject to § 7-202 of this subtitle," is added to clarify that, notwithstanding the seemingly broad authority in subsection (a) of this section, money cannot be spent unless there is an appropriation.

In subsection (a)(2) of this section, the former, specific requirement that nondedicated money be "accounted for to the Comptroller" is deleted as unnecessary in light of § 6-213(a) of this article.

Also in subsection (a)(2) of this section, the former, specific requirement that the money be "disbursed by the Treasurer upon warrant of the Comptroller" is deleted as unnecessary in light of § 7-226 of this subtitle.

As to the use of the word "unit", see the General Revisor's Note to this article.

Defined terms: "Appropriation act" § 7-201
"Includes"; "including" § 1-101

7-218. AUDIT OF BILLS.

BEFORE ISSUANCE OF A WARRANT FOR PAYMENT OF A BILL, THE COMPTROLLER MAY HAVE THE BILL AUDITED.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from the reference, in the first sentence of former Art. 41, § 197, to "audit and review".

As revised, this section applies to all bills -- rather than those for "merchandise ... and supplies". See revisor's note to § 7-216 of this subtitle.