

entitled to the benefits of this section. Should any benefits provided by the federal government be less than those provided by Article 101, the State and its insurer shall furnish the additional benefit in order to make up the difference between the benefit provided by the federal government and the similar benefit required by Article 101. Such insurance shall cover only those incidents occurring after July 1, 1979 on State active duty. State active duty is defined as that period of time for which an employee is ordered to active military duty in the organized militia of the State of Maryland by order of the Governor for service in time of civil disorder, natural disaster, labor disorders, or activities requiring support of the State militia.

(b) The [ranking line officer] ADJUTANT GENERAL shall pay the necessary premium or premiums for said policy or policies of insurance out of appropriations for the militia to be included in the State budget by the Governor of the State.

29.

All arms, equipment and other property furnished to organizations of this State shall, when required by the [ranking line officer] ADJUTANT GENERAL, or a commanding officer of any such organization be deposited in the armory of the said organization, and failure to deposit as aforesaid any article of such property by the person to whom it was issued, ten days after he shall have been notified, by written notice from the commanding officer, as aforesaid, to return to the armory, shall be considered as a misdemeanor, and the person so offending shall be punished by a fine not exceeding double the value of the property thus illegally detained, to be recovered on the complaint of the [ranking line officer] ADJUTANT GENERAL or of the proper commanding officer as aforesaid, in the same manner as prescribed for the collection of fines in this article, except that the money so recovered shall be paid to the [ranking line officer of the State] ADJUTANT GENERAL, to be by him applied to the militia fund; or by imprisonment in the county or city jail for not less than two weeks nor more than two months.

30.

Every officer and enlisted man to whom public property of the State or United States has been issued shall be personally responsible to the State for such property, and no one shall be relieved from such responsibility except it be shown to the satisfaction of the Governor that the loss or destruction of such property was unavoidable and in no way the fault of the person responsible for the same; in all other cases the value of the property lost or destroyed shall be charged against the person at fault or the organization to which it had been issued; and such person or organization, if not relieved from such charge by the Governor, shall pay the value of such property to the [ranking line officer] ADJUTANT GENERAL within ninety days after such loss or destruction. The value of the lost or destroyed property and