- (3) The clerk of the circuit court for each county shall give notice[, on a form prescribed by the State Administrative Board of Election Laws,] to any registered voter who changes his name that he must notify his election board of the change.
- (4) The clerk of the circuit court for each county shall file with the State Administrative Board of Election Laws the former and present names and residence addresses (if known) of all persons whose names have been changed by decree or order of court since the date of the last such report.
- (5) Every agency or instrumentality of any county in the State or in the City of Baltimore which acquires or condemns or razes or causes to be condemned or razed any building used as a residence within the county or city shall promptly report such fact and the location of such building to the board in the county or city.
- (B) THE REPORTS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTIONS (1), (2), (3), AND (4) SHALL BE ON A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD OF ELECTION LAWS.
- [(b)] (C) The boards may also in their discretion make such arrangements as seem practicable with the postal authorities in said city or counties, respectively, and with the water department and public service companies serving persons therein, to receive notices of changes in addresses of persons receiving mail or using such services in said city or county. The boards are authorized to pay a reasonable compensation for the necessary clerical service involved.
- [(c)] (D) Whenever the death, conviction of infamous crime, or change of name by decree of any registered voter is reported as above provided, the board or the State Administrative Board of Election Laws shall mail to the address of such voter, as it appears on the registration books or records, a notification that the death, or conviction of infamous crime, or change of name by decree has been reported to the board, and shall require the voter to show cause within two weeks after the mailing of the notification why his registration should not be cancelled. If no sufficient cause is shown, the registration of the voter shall be cancelled by removing the registration cards or forms of the voter from the original and duplicate files and placing them in a transfer file. Whenever the board has actual knowledge of the death of any registered voter, or if the death is established beyond a reasonable doubt, and it files in its office a statement to that effect, it is not necessary to mail a notice to the address of the voter, and his registration may be cancelled, as hereinafter provided, by removing the registration cards or forms of the voter from the original and duplicate files and placing the same in a transfer file.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1984.