40, § 66(b), "as provided in § 68 of this article", which was meaningless, since the referenced section did not set forth any standards for waiver. Similar references are added in subsection (e)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section. The substitution and the addition limit the scope of authority of the President and the Speaker to their respective house.

The introductory clause of subsection (b)(2)(iii) of this section, "if the standing committee certifies that ...", is substituted for the cross-reference in former Art. 40, § 66(b), "as provided in § 63 of this article". This latter cross-reference apparently was intended to incorporate the requirement for certification that is needed for a waiver of a fiscal note. The certification for a waiver of a fiscal note is made by the committee chairman, rather than by the committee.

The introductory clause of subsection (c)(1) of this section, "[u]nless a fiscal note for a bill is waived," is added as a general reference to the waiver provisions. In practice, however, a note is prepared for every bill.

Subsection (c)(2) of this section is revised to clarify that the Department of Fiscal Services prepares the waiver that is based on certification of a committee chairman: This revision conforms to the requirement, in the second sentence of former Art. 40, § 65, that the Department prepare the waiver that is based on a bill not having a fiscal impact.

In subsection (d)(1)(iii) of this section, the reference to the fiscal impact "occur[ring]" is substituted for the former reference to the impact being "evident". This substitution is based on the former reference to the impact being "fully ... effective."

Also in subsection (d)(1)(iii) of this section, a requirement for an estimate of fiscal impact for "each year until and the year during which that impact is expected to occur" is substituted for the former, ambiguous directive that the estimate "be projected ... to include an estimate for the first fiscal year in which it is expected fully to be effective", since the former directive could be read either to require an estimate for those intervening fiscal years or only for that year during which the full impact occurs.

In subsection (e)(1)(i) of this section, the phrase "prepare or obtain" is substituted for the former word "processed", for clarity.