

(3) Any person who violates paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a fine not exceeding \$100 for each violation.

(4) (i) If a student has been suspended or expelled, the principal or a designee of the principal may not return the student to the classroom without conferring with the teacher who referred the student to the principal, if the student was referred by a teacher, other teachers as appropriate, other appropriate school personnel, the student, and the student's parent or guardian.

(ii) If the disruptive behavior results in action less than suspension, the principal or a designee of the principal shall confer with the teacher who referred the student to the principal prior to returning the student to that teacher's classroom.

(5) A county superintendent may deny attendance to any student who is currently expelled from another school system for a length of time equal to that expulsion.

(6) A school system shall forward information to another school system relating to the discipline of a student, including information on an expulsion of the student, on receipt of the request for information.

(e) (1) The discipline of a child with a disability, including the suspension, expulsion, or interim alternative placement of the child for disciplinary reasons, shall be conducted in conformance with the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act of the United States Code.

(2) IF A CHILD WITH A DISABILITY IS BEING CONSIDERED FOR SUSPENSION OR EXPULSION, THE CHILD OR THE CHILD'S PARENT OR GUARDIAN SHALL BE GIVEN A COMMUNITY RESOURCES LIST ATTACHED TO THE PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS NOTICE REQUIRED BY REGULATION OF THE STATE BOARD.

(f) (1) This subsection does not apply if the student is referred to the Department of Juvenile Services.

(2) If a student violates a State or local law or regulation and during or as a result of the commission of that violation damaged, destroyed, or substantially decreased the value of school property or property of another that was on school property at the time of the violation, as part of a conference on the matter with the student, the student's parent or guardian and any other appropriate person, the principal shall require the student or the student's parent to make restitution.

(3) The restitution may be in the form of monetary restitution not to exceed the lesser of the fair market value of the property or \$2,500, or the student's assignment to a school work project, or both.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 2 of this Act shall take effect on the taking effect of the contingency specified in Section 2 of Chapter 347 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1995 and Section 2 of Chapter 323 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1996. If that contingency takes effect, § 7-305 of Article - Education as enacted by Section 1 of this Act shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.