

after an investigation of an individual's habits and driving ability, the Administration is satisfied it will be safe to reinstate the license or privilege of an individual who has been:

- A. Involved in any combination of three or more separate alcohol-related or drug-related driving incidents;
- B. Involved in a vehicular accident resulting in the death of another person; or
- C. Convicted of a violation for failing to stop after a vehicular accident resulting in bodily injury or death.

(7) Except as otherwise provided in this title, before issuing a new license, the Administration shall require the applicant to submit to the examinations that it considers appropriate.

16-213.

(a) In this section, "offense" means a moving violation committed by an individual who:

- (1) Holds a provisional license under § 16-111 of this title;
- (2) Was convicted of, or granted a probation before judgement under § 6-220 of the Criminal Procedure Article for, the violation; and
- (3) Was not eligible for a license under § 16-111.1 of this title at the time of the violation.

(b) [The] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN § 16-205(D-1) OR § 16-206(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE sanctions under this section are in addition to any other penalty or sanctions that might apply as a result of a moving violation.

(c) The Administration:

- (1) For a first offense, shall require the offender to attend a driver improvement program under § 16-212 of this subtitle;
- (2) For a second offense, may suspend the offender's provisional license for up to 30 days; and
- (3) For a third or subsequent offense, may suspend or revoke the offender's provisional license for up to 180 days.

21-902.

(a) (1) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

(2) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while the person is under the influence of alcohol per se.

(3) A person may not violate paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection while transporting a minor.