

(II) NOT GUILTY OF A CODE VIOLATION; OR

(III) BEFORE RENDERING JUDGMENT, THE COURT MAY PLACE THE DEFENDANT ON PROBATION IN THE SAME MANNER AND TO THE SAME EXTENT AS IS PERMITTED BY LAW IN THE TRIAL OF A CRIMINAL CASE.

(I) THE COURT COSTS IN A CODE VIOLATION CASE IN WHICH COSTS ARE IMPOSED ARE \$5. A DEFENDANT IS LIABLE FOR PAYMENT TO THE CRIMINAL INJURY COMPENSATION FUND.

(J) WHEN A DEFENDANT HAS BEEN FOUND GUILTY OF A CODE VIOLATION AND A FINE HAS BEEN IMPOSED BY THE COURT, THE COURT MAY DIRECT THAT THE PAYMENT OF THE FINE BE SUSPENDED OR DEFERRED UNDER SUCH CONDITIONS AS THE COURT MAY ESTABLISH. WHEN ANY DEFENDANT HAS BEEN FOUND GUILTY OF A CODE VIOLATION AND WILLFULLY FAILS TO PAY THE FINE IMPOSED BY THE COURT, THAT WILLFUL FAILURE MAY BE TREATED AS A CRIMINAL CONTEMPT OF COURT, FOR WHICH THE DEFENDANT MAY BE PUNISHED BY THE COURT AS PROVIDED BY LAW.

(K) A DEFENDANT WHO HAS BEEN FOUND GUILTY OF A CODE VIOLATION HAS THE RIGHT TO APPEAL OR TO FILE A MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL OR A MOTION FOR A REVISION OF A JUDGMENT PROVIDED BY LAW IN THE TRIAL OF A CRIMINAL CASE. THE MOTIONS SHALL BE MADE IN THE SAME MANNER PROVIDED IN THE TRIAL OF CRIMINAL CASES, AND THE COURT, IN RULING ON THE MOTIONS, HAS THE SAME AUTHORITY PROVIDED IN THE TRIAL OF CRIMINAL CASES.

(L) THE STATE'S ATTORNEY OF ANY COUNTY MAY PROSECUTE A CODE VIOLATION IN THE SAME MANNER AS PROSECUTION OF A VIOLATION OF THE CRIMINAL LAWS OF THIS STATE. THE STATE'S ATTORNEY IS AUTHORIZED TO ENTER A NOLLE PROSEQUI IN SUCH CASES OR TO PLACE SUCH CASES ON THE STET DOCKET, AND TO EXERCISE AUTHORITY IN THE SAME MANNER PRESCRIBED BY LAW FOR VIOLATION OF THE CRIMINAL LAWS OF THIS STATE.

403C.

(A) IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON BEING ISSUED A CITATION UNDER §§ 400 THROUGH 403B OF THIS ARTICLE OR § 26-103 OF THE EDUCATION ARTICLE TO FAIL OR REFUSE TO FURNISH PROOF OF IDENTIFICATION AND AGE UPON REQUEST OF THE OFFICER ISSUING THE CITATION. ANY PERSON VIOLATING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$50.

(B) THE JUVENILE COURT HAS JURISDICTION OVER THOSE MINORS WHO ARE WITHIN THE AGE OF JUVENILE COURT JURISDICTION. HOWEVER, IF THERE IS A WAIVER OF JUVENILE JURISDICTION WITH RESPECT TO A MINOR WHO IS OTHERWISE SUBJECT TO JUVENILE COURT JURISDICTION, THE DISTRICT COURT HAS JURISDICTION OVER THE MATTER, NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF § 4-301 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE OF THE CODE TO THE CONTRARY.